

## Identity and Access Management



## OSIdM4HE Penn State Code Review April 20<sup>th</sup> , 2012

## AGENDA

- Introduction
- Central Person Registry
  - Functional Overview
  - IAM On Line
  - What Happened Behind The Scenes?
  - Code Review

## INTRODUCTION

## High Level Timeline for the CPR

- November 2009-August 2010
  - Gathered Stakeholder requirements.
    - ~ 176 people were interviewed or surveyed.
    - 730+ requirements were gathered.
    - Created & Published [CPR Software Requirements Specification](#).
- June 2010 – October 2010
  - Architect and Design the CPR.

## High Level Timeline for the CPR

- October 2010 – March 2012
  - Developed 88 SOAP-based Web Services and their associated Unit and Integration Tests.
  - Coded domestic and international matching algorithms.
  - Address validation and transformation software was installed and configured.
  - Rules were developed for affiliations.
  - UI for Identity Provisioning.

## High Level Timeline for the CPR

- March 2012 – December 2012
  - Transitioning of Core Services to use the new CPR.
  - Develop remaining UIs and ID Card services
- January 2013 – December 2013
  - Business Identity Integration
    - Work with business partners to integrate identity and registration processes.
    - Implement Production ITIL based processes.
    - Develop Organization Level Agreements.

## High Level Timeline for the CPR

- January 2013 – December 2015
  - Business Identity Integration
  - Begin Decommissioning of Old Services.

## IAM Team Composition

Team Member	FTE
Principal Lead	1
Project Manager	.80
Technical Manager/Architect	1
Database Administrator	1
User Interface Developer	1
System Designer	.80
Java Programmers	3.5
Policy Designer	1
Communications	.20
Security Representative	.20
User Services Representative	.20



## CENTRAL PERSON REGISTRY

## Central Person Registry

A centralized person registry is a single data store that combines and consolidates identity information currently stored in separate and non-integrated sources throughout the University.

From The Identity and Access Management Final Report dated 2/18/2008

## Central Person Registry

- Single authoritative source for identity information:
  - Biographical information (name, address, telephone number)
  - Key Identifiers
    - Person identifier
    - Userid
    - PSU ID Number

## FUNCTIONAL OVERVIEW

*CPR from a functional view ...*

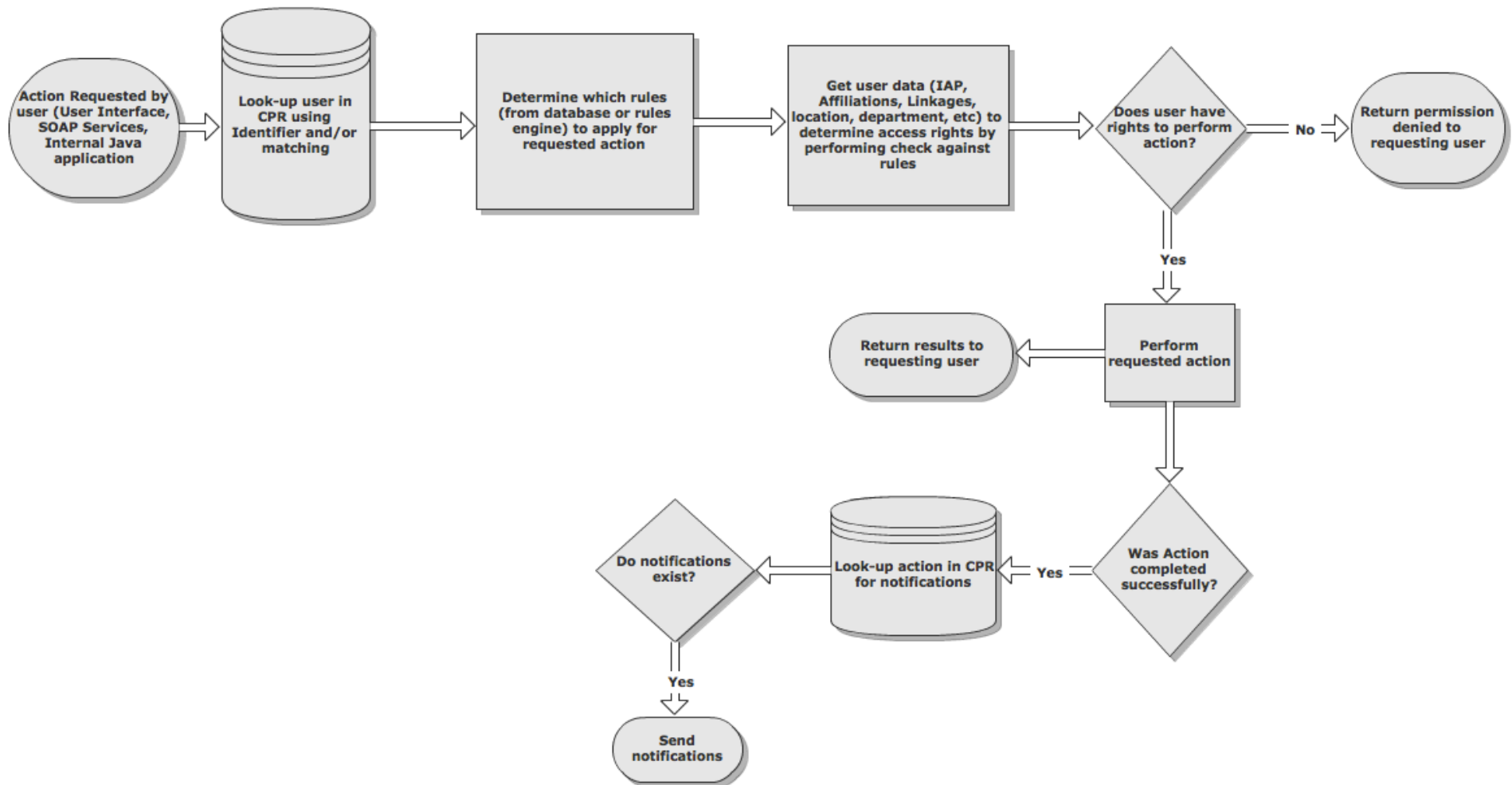
## CPR FUNCTIONAL OVERVIEW – HIGH LEVEL DESIGN

- <https://wikispaces.psu.edu/display/IAM/CPR+High+Level+Design>
- REGISTRY DATABASE
  - Unique Identifiers
  - Biographical Information
  - Affiliations
  - Linkages
- Identity Assurance Profiles
- Web Services
- Matching
- Service Provisioners
- Data Views
- Rules Engine

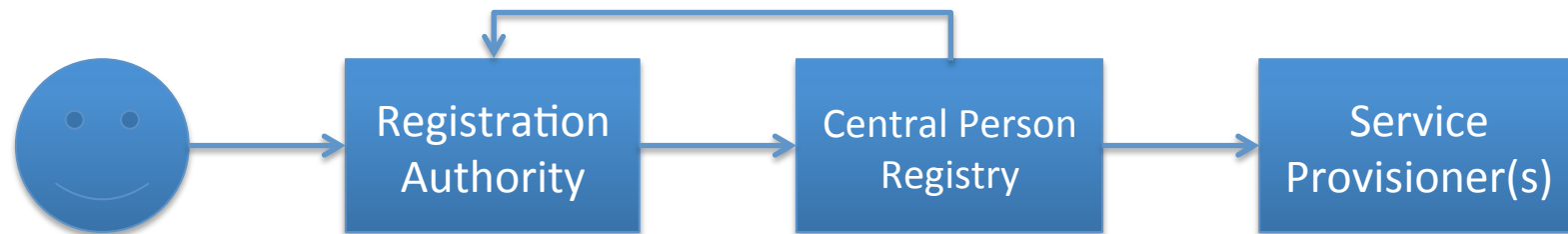
# Identity and Access Management

## FUNCTIONAL OVERVIEW

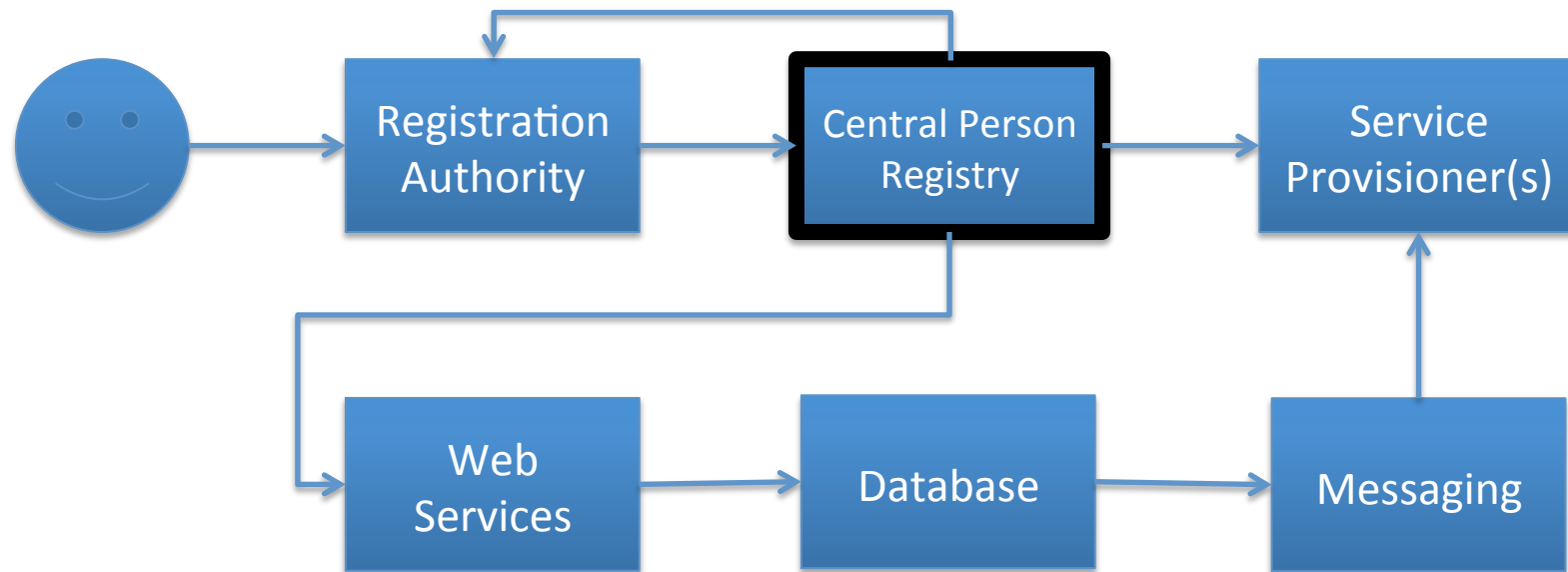
<https://wikispaces.psu.edu/display/IAM/CPR+User+Request+Flow>



## Simple Data Flow



## Simple Data Flow - Expanded





## Data Model

- [Addresses](#)
- [Affiliations](#)
- [Comments](#)
- [Confidentiality](#)
- [Data Types](#)
- [Date of Birth](#)
- [Email](#)
- [Gender](#)
- [IAP](#)
- [ID Card](#)
- [Names](#)
- [Person](#)
- [Person Linkage](#)
- [Phones](#)
- [Provisioning](#)
- [PSU ID](#)
- [Registration Authorities](#)
- [Userid](#)

## Data Types

- Names
  - Legal and Preferred.
- Addresses
  - Permanent, Local, Documented, Work, Billing Academic, and Billing Administrative.
- Phones
  - Permanent, Local and Work.

## Data Types

- Email Address
  - University and Other.
- Document Types
  - Passport, State Driver's License, State ID Card and Military ID Card.

## Service Model

- All services are SOAP-based POJOs.
- Each service has an implementation and a Service Endpoint Interface (SEI).
- Example WSDL:
  - <https://apps.iam.psu.edu/Names/services/NamesPort?wsdl>
- [Service Documentation](#)

## Service Model

- Address
- Affiliation
- Confidentiality
- Email Address
- Find Person
- IAP
- ID Card
- Logging
- Names
- Person
- Person Linkage
- Phones
- Photo
- Rules
- Security Action
- Transform
- User Comments
- Userid

## IAM ONLINE ...

*Demo of the IAM OnLine Identity Provisioning process ....*

## IAM ON LINE – IDENTITY PROVISIONING

- 130+ requirements documented from interviews – SII, SOS, User Services, Privacy Office, Hershey, AIT and others...
- Concept developed around Student Identity Integration project ...
- Iterative process...
- Engaging more stakeholders...
- Usability

# I Am Penn State

Default RA > I Am Penn State > <#WORK IN PROGRESS>

## WELCOME TO I Am Penn State!

I Am Penn State is a tool to help you get digitally connected to Penn State. Here you will create your online identity by supplying some basic information about yourself, including:

- \* **Your legal name**
- \* **Your address**
- \* **Your contact information** (such as your telephone number and e-mail address)
- \* **Your personal information** (such as your birthdate and SSN)

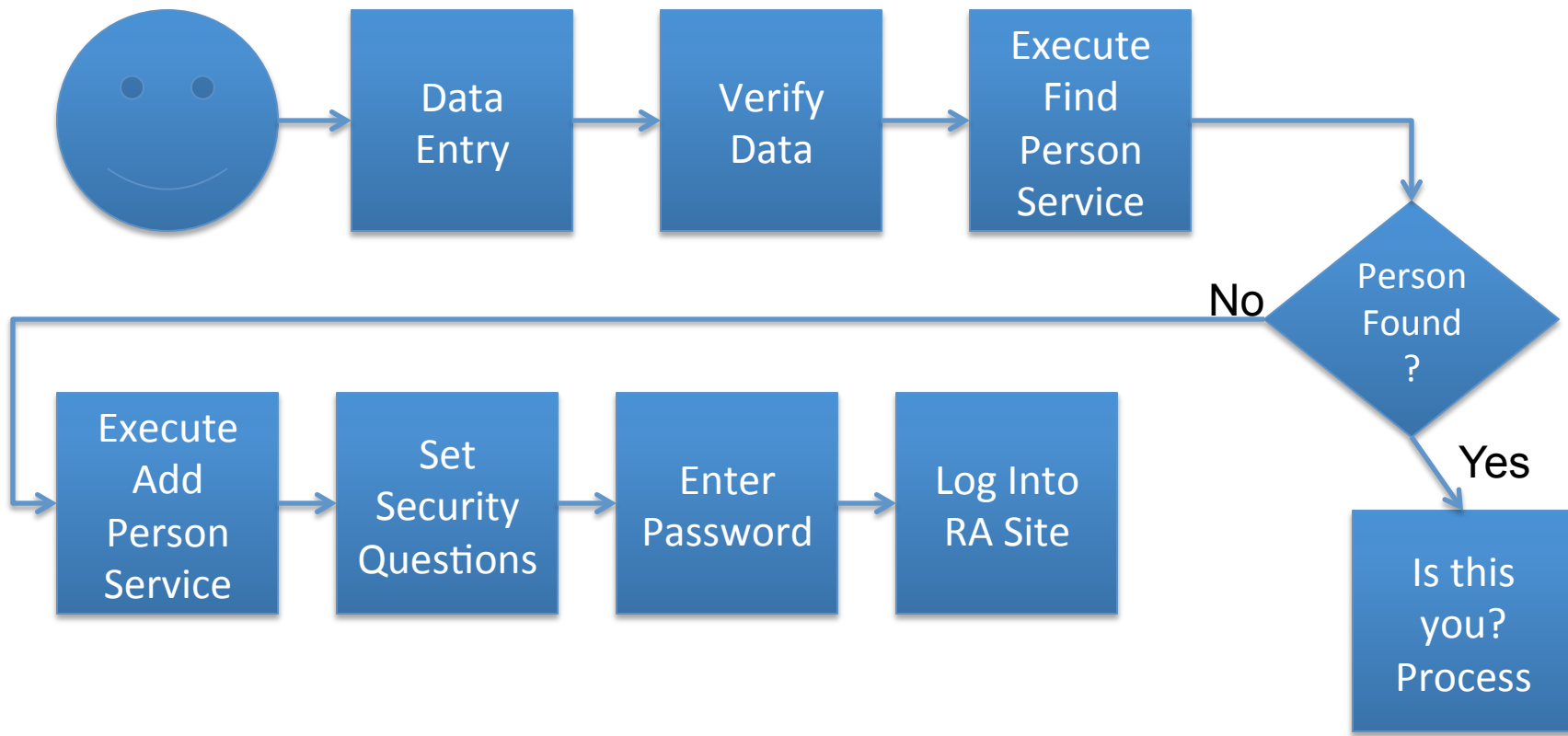
When you are ready to proceed, click the BEGIN button.

**BEGIN**



## WHAT HAPPENED BEHIND THE SCENES?

## Behind The Scenes



## Behind The Scenes

- Service/Data Authorization using Grouper
- Find Person Service
  - Identity Match
- Add Person Service
  - Transform Address Service
  - Rules Engine
  - Messaging

## Grouper

- Authorization to use a Web Service is controlled in two ways:
  - Access by the Registration Authority to call the individual services.
  - Access by the Registration Authority to perform a data manipulation (read/write) within a service.
- Initially these accesses were controlled by database tables in the CPR database, we have since moved to use Grouper.

## Grouper

- The individual Registration Authorities are represented as groups within Grouper.
- The groups are also represented as role, which enables the assignment of permissions like the ability to execute a particular service.
- The Grouper Client (embedded within the CPR) is then used to determine if an RA access is valid.

## Find Person Service

- Will use exact or near matching to find a person in the CPR.
- Accepts PSU ID Number, Userid, SSN, Name, Address, Date of Birth, and Gender.
- Attempts to perform an exact match using either:
  - PSU ID, Name, and Date of Birth.
  - SSN, Name, and Date of Birth.
  - Userid, Name, and Date of Birth.
- If there wasn't an exact match, it will do near matching.

## Match Codes

- Help to identify duplicate or near-duplicate records.
- Match codes are encoded representations of common data types - name, street address and city.
- Match codes enable cleansing of data by reducing variations from data entry.
- e. g. name matching
  - For names William Smith, Will Smith, Bill Smith, Billy Smith.
  - Literal comparison of any two names will fail
  - Match codes generated for each of the names are the same
- Match codes generated by vendor (DataFlux) supplied product that includes region specific knowledge base(s).
- Match codes are stored in CPR database whenever name and address records are created or updated.

## Match Codes

Data Element	Value	Match Code
Name	James A. Vuccolo <sup>1</sup>	V3W&\$\$\$\$\$\$C&B_4\$\$\$\$
Address	1231 SHAMROCK AVE <sup>2</sup>	ZHKZ\$42BY\$\$\$\$\$\$
City	State College	4~~3WF\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$

**Notes:**

<sup>1</sup> Will have the same match code for Jim A. Vuccolo, Jimmy A. Vuccolo, and so on.

<sup>2</sup> Will have the same match code if AVE was not specified or if Avenue was.



## Identity Match (basic)

Core match logic to successfully match two identity records

- When PSU Ids of both records are available
  - PSU Ids are equal
  - Name match codes are equal
  - Birth dates are equal
- When SSNs of both records are available
  - SSNs are equal
  - Name match codes are equal
  - Birth dates are equal
- When user ids of both records are available
  - User ids are equal
  - Name match codes are equal
  - Birth dates are equal
- If no match, perform near match process

## Identity Match (near match)

- Searches for potential matches performed on both current and historical data.
- Searches start with name match code.
- Data elements compared:
  - Name, street address, city and postal code, state (or country for international), birth date, and gender.
- Each comparison between records produces a match quality ranking score from 1 – 550.
- Ranking scores above a designated score (330) are classified as matches.

## Identity Match (near match)

### Domestic Match Criteria

Rank	Name	St	City	State	Zip	DOB
550	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
540	Y	Y	Y		Y	Y
530	Y	Y	Y	Y		Y
520	Y	Y		Y	Y	Y
510	Y	Y			Y	Y

### International Match Criteria

Rank	Name	St	City	Zip	Country	DOB
550	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
540	Y	Y	Y	I	Y	Y
530	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y
520	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y
510	Y	N	Y	I	Y	Y
500	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	P

## Add Person

- Accepts data from the caller to create a new person in the registry.
- As part of its processing it performs:
  - Matching using FindPerson.
  - Address validation using TransformAddress.
  - Affiliation processing using the Rules service.
  - Based on the type of person being added, it sends messages to entities to provision services.

## Transform Address

- Accepts data from the caller to validate and transform an address.
  - This function is performed using an add-on from the DataFlux product.
  - The validation is performed against either the USPS, Canadian PS or international postal services.
  - The address is then transformed into a standard format.

## Rules Engine

- The CPR is using rules engine to separate the core business logic from the individual applications.
- Rules are used for the following items:
  - Affiliation transitions (internal and external).
  - Identity Assurance Profile (IAP) assignment.
  - And probably others.

## Rules Engine

- The Rules Engine selected for the CPR is JBoss's Drools.
- Drools has many components, initially the CPR is using only Drools Expert, and then later it will support Drools Guvnor.
- Typically Drools is coupled with an application, we have elected to encapsulate the rules processing in a web service.

## Example Rule

```
rule "MapToEduPersonStudent"  
  salience 100  
  dialect "mvel"  
  lock-on-active true  
  when  
    $known : KnownFact()  
    $input : InputFact ( fact == "STUDENT_UNDERGRADUATE_CURRENT" || fact == "STUDENT_GRADUATE_CURRENT"  
      || fact == "STUDENT_MEDICAL_CURRENT" || fact == "STUDENT_LAW_CURRENT"  
      || fact == "STUDENT_UNDERGRADUATE_NONDEGREE_CURRENT" || fact ==  
        "STUDENT_GRADUATE_NONDEGREE_CURRENT"  
      || fact == "STUDENT_UNDERGRADUATE_NONDEGREE_CERTIFICATE_CURRENT" || fact ==  
        "STUDENT_GRADUATE_NONDEGREE_CERTIFICATE_CURRENT"  
      || fact == "STUDENT_UNDERGRADUATE_PROVISIONAL_CURRENT" || fact ==  
        "STUDENT_GRADUATE_PROVISIONAL_CURRENT" )  
  then  
    retract($input);  
    $known.setFact("student");  
    update($known);  
end
```



## Messaging

- Provides notification of data changes to registered entities.
- It is also used to request the provisioning and de-provisioning of services.

## Messaging

- Communication between the CPR and service provisioners is accomplished using JMS (Java Messaging Service).
  - Point to point messaging is currently being used.
  - Publish and subscribe will be used in the future for notification of data changes.
- Data is encapsulated in a JMS message using JSON (JavaScript Object Notation)
  - JSON represents data using key/value pairs.

## Messaging

- Apache's ActiveMQ provides the messaging infrastructure:
  - Protocols: OpenWire and STOMP.
  - All traffic is SSL encrypted.
  - AuthN/AuthZ on a per queue basis.

## Sample Message (JSON Part)

```
{  
  "PSU_ID": "908242211",  
  "REQUESTED_BY": "jvuccolo",  
  "PERSON_ID": "100000",  
  "USERID": "txj229",  
  "DIRECTORY_ID": "1477",  
  "NAME_TYPE": "LEGAL_NAME",  
  "SERVICE_NAME": "AddName",  
  "FIRST_NAME": "James",  
  "MIDDLE_NAMES": null,  
  "LAST_NAME": "Vuccolo",  
  "SUFFIX": null  
}
```

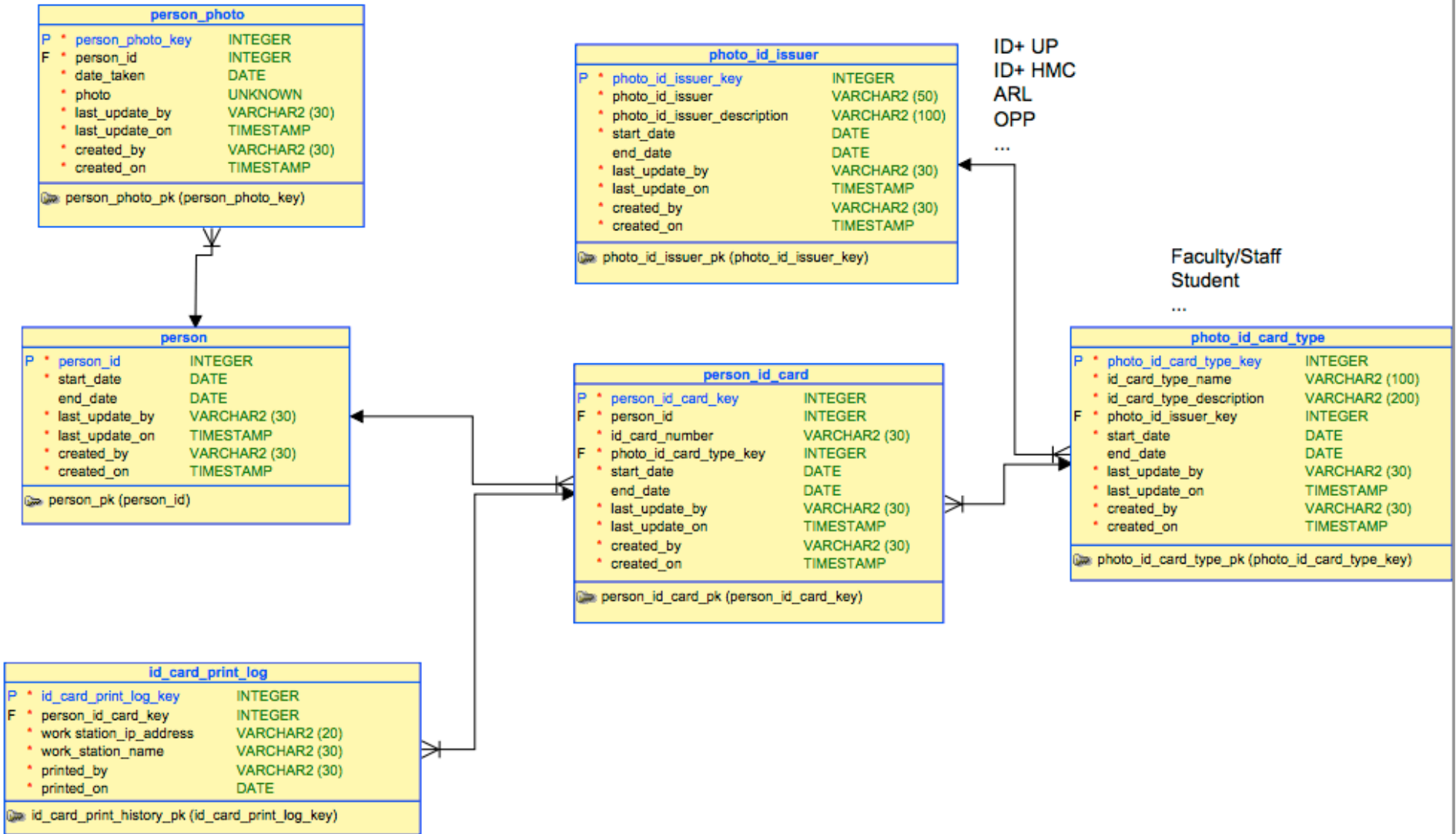
## Other Registry Features

- ID Card
- Person Linking
- Identity Assurance Profiles

## ID Card

- The Person Registry has the capability to store information from physical ID cards.
- Services exist to store and maintain card information.

# Identity and Access Management



## GetPhoto Service

- Will use the supplied identifier and return the JPEG photo for the person.
- Accepts PSU ID Number, Userid or Person Identifiers.
- Will return the JPEG photo.



## Person Linking

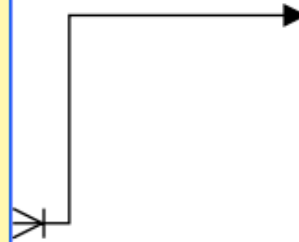
- The Person Registry has the ability to establish linkages between people.
- Examples of these linkages include:
  - Dependents
  - Parent and/or Guardian
  - Spouse and/or Partner

# Identity and Access Management

person		
P *	person_id	INTEGER
*	start_date	DATE
	end_date	DATE
*	last_update_by	VARCHAR2 (30)
*	last_update_on	TIMESTAMP
*	created_by	VARCHAR2 (30)
*	created_on	TIMESTAMP
person_pk (person_id)		

data_types		
P *	data_type_key	INTEGER
F	parent_data_type_key	INTEGER
*	data_type	VARCHAR2 (50)
	data_type_desc	VARCHAR2 (200)
	enum_string	VARCHAR2 (200)
*	can_assign_flag	VARCHAR2 (1)
*	active_flag	VARCHAR2 (1)
*	last_update_by	VARCHAR2 (30)
*	last_update_on	TIMESTAMP
*	created_by	VARCHAR2 (30)
*	created_on	TIMESTAMP
data_types_pk (data_type_key)		

person_linkage		
P *	person_linkage_key	INTEGER
F *	person_id	INTEGER
F *	linked_person_id	INTEGER
F *	data_type_key	INTEGER
*	start_date	DATE
	end_date	DATE
*	last_update_by	VARCHAR2 (30)
*	last_update_on	TIMESTAMP
*	created_by	VARCHAR2 (30)
*	created_on	TIMESTAMP
person_linkage_pk (person_linkage_key)		



## AddPersonLinkage

- Will use the supplied identifiers, linkage type and will establish a relationship between the two persons.
- Accepts PSU ID Number, Userid or Person Identifiers and the LinkageType.
- Will return success if the persons can be linked.

## Identity Assurance Profile

- Approach
- PSU versus InCommon
- Implementation

## Approach

- PSU Approach to IAP is to define our own IAPs that will map onto the InCommon IAPs.
  - This enables us to collect and verify more data than is required by InCommon.
  - This also ensures that we will still function if InCommon changes the requirements for an IAP.
    - For example, if InCommon Silver changes, Penn State's Silver will work. We would then create a new version of Penn State Silver that will map to the changed InCommon Silver.

## Business Rules Summary

	PSU Tin	PSU Bronze	PSU Silver
<b>Vetting</b>	None	Yes (e.g.. Third Party)	In person
<b>Proofing</b>	None	None	In person proofing of accepted picture ID
<b>Full Name</b>	Self Asserted	Validate	Verify
<b>Address of record</b>	Self Asserted E-Mail Address	Validate physical address or E-Mail address	Verify if on ID
<b>Date of Birth</b>		Validate DOB (required MM/DD)	Verify
<b>Three KB Password</b>		Required	

## Implementation

- As data is collected from various Registration Authorities, rules will be executed to determine if a user satisfies one or more IAPs.
  - Once the data and collection requirements are satisfied for a particular IAP, it will automatically be assigned.

## BATCH PROCESSING



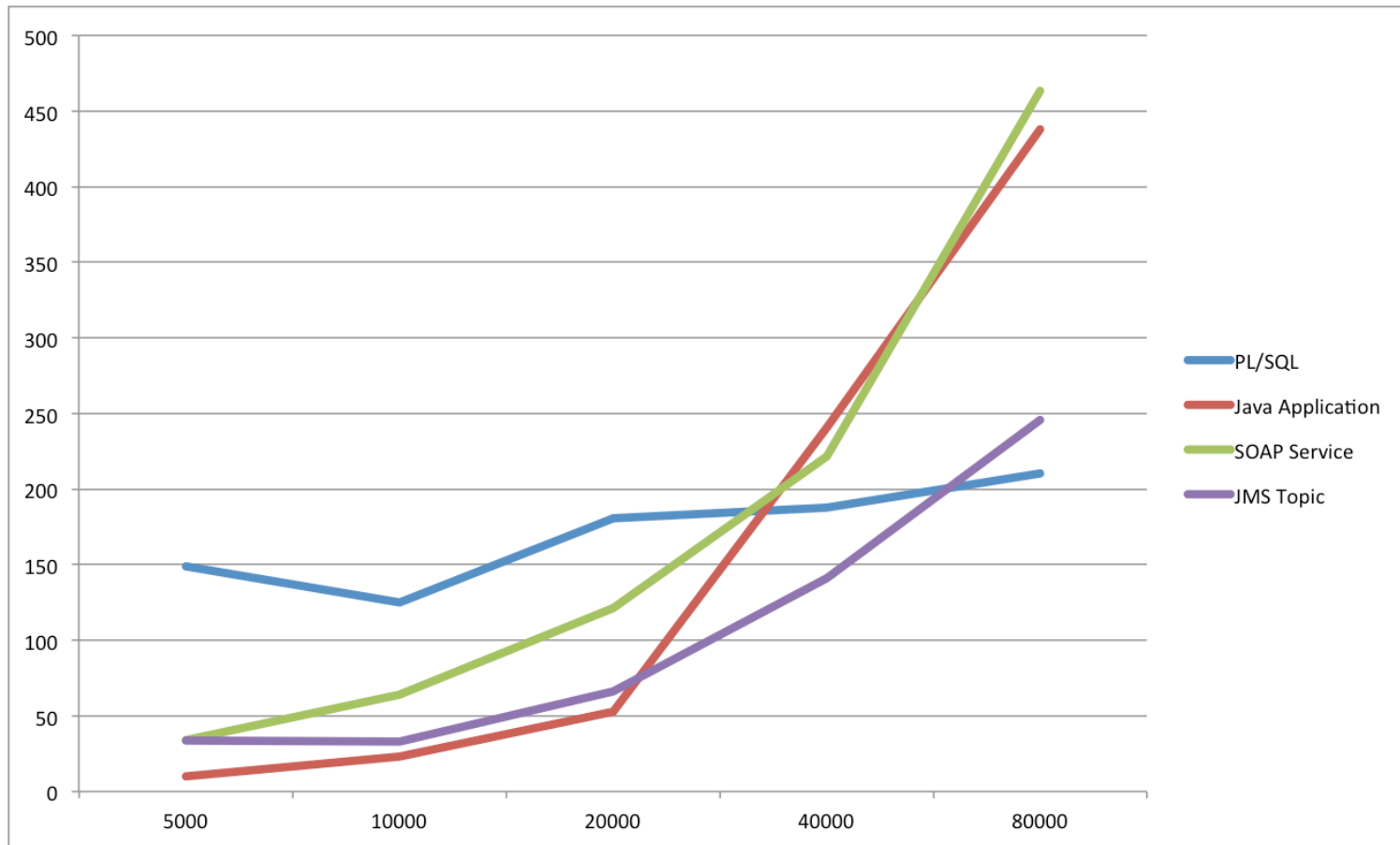
## Batch Processing

- Batch processing in the past has involved the following steps:
  - Producer of raw data would place a file in a common disk space.
  - IdM system would load the data into the database and process it using one or more stored procedures.
  - The resultant file would be placed back in the common space for the producer to pick up.

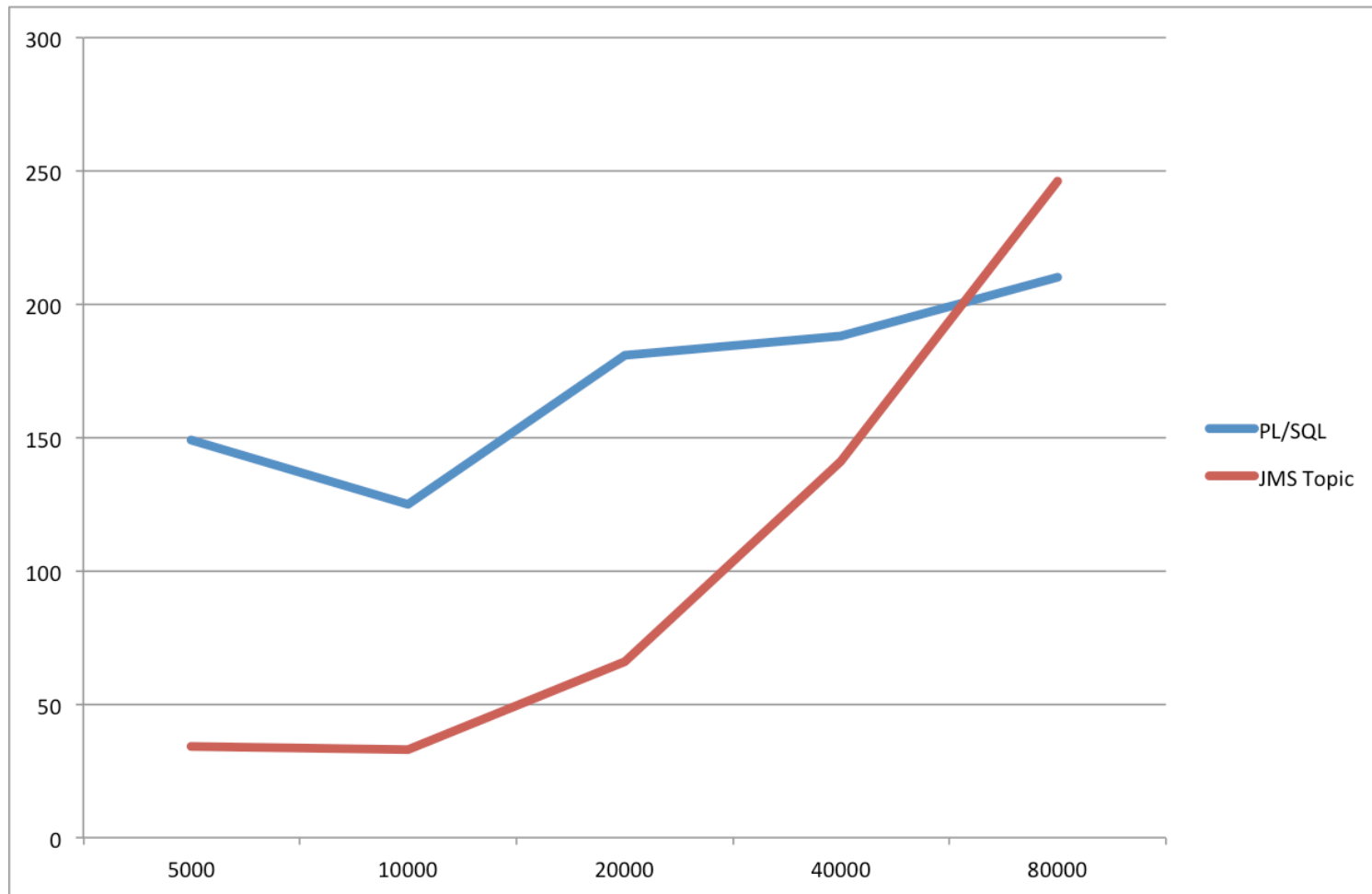
## Batch Solutions

- Database Loader/Store Procedure(s)
- Java Application
- JMS Messaging Queue and/or Topic
- SOAP Service

## Overall Timings



## Stored Procedure vs. JMS



## Our Recommended Approach

- Based on our tests, the use of a separate JMS cluster to process batch data feeds is the best solution.
- Benefits:
  - Flexibility in the type of data that can be processed by JMS
  - The use of Java enables us to use existing core logic and validation code.

## CODE REVIEW

## Code Review

- Javadoc
- WSDL
- Code

## Javadoc

Component	URL
CPR Core Code	<a href="https://iam.psu.edu/dev_home/JavaDoc/cpr_core/">https://iam.psu.edu/dev_home/JavaDoc/cpr_core/</a>
CPR Services	<a href="https://iam.psu.edu/dev_home/JavaDoc/services/">https://iam.psu.edu/dev_home/JavaDoc/services/</a>



## WSDL

Service	WSDL
Address	<a href="https://apps.iam.psu.edu/Address/services/AddressPort?wsdl">https://apps.iam.psu.edu/Address/services/AddressPort?wsdl</a>
Affiliation	<a href="https://apps.iam.psu.edu/Affiliation/services/AffiliationPort?wsdl">https://apps.iam.psu.edu/Affiliation/services/AffiliationPort?wsdl</a>
Confidentiality	<a href="https://apps.iam.psu.edu/Confidentiality/services/ConfidentialityPort?wsdl">https://apps.iam.psu.edu/Confidentiality/services/ConfidentialityPort?wsdl</a>
EmailAddress	<a href="https://apps.iam.psu.edu/EmailAddress/services/EmailAddressPort?wsdl">https://apps.iam.psu.edu/EmailAddress/services/EmailAddressPort?wsdl</a>
FindPerson	<a href="https://apps.iam.psu.edu/FindPerson/services/FindPersonPort?wsdl">https://apps.iam.psu.edu/FindPerson/services/FindPersonPort?wsdl</a>
IAP	<a href="https://apps.iam.psu.edu/IAP/services/IAPPort?wsdl">https://apps.iam.psu.edu/IAP/services/IAPPort?wsdl</a>
Names	<a href="https://apps.iam.psu.edu/Names/services/NamesPort?wsdl">https://apps.iam.psu.edu/Names/services/NamesPort?wsdl</a>
Person	<a href="https://apps.iam.psu.edu/Person/services/PersonPort?wsdl">https://apps.iam.psu.edu/Person/services/PersonPort?wsdl</a>

## WSDL

Service	WSDL
PersonLinkage	<a href="https://apps.iam.psu.edu/PersonLinkage/services/PersonLinkagePort?wsdl">https://apps.iam.psu.edu/PersonLinkage/services/PersonLinkagePort?wsdl</a>
Phones	<a href="https://apps.iam.psu.edu/Phones/services/PhonesPort?wsdl">https://apps.iam.psu.edu/Phones/services/PhonesPort?wsdl</a>
Rules	<a href="https://apps.iam.psu.edu/Rules/services/RulesPort?wdl">https://apps.iam.psu.edu/Rules/services/RulesPort?wdl</a>
SecurityAction	<a href="https://apps.iam.psu.edu/SecurityAction/services/SecurityActionPort?wsdl">https://apps.iam.psu.edu/SecurityAction/services/SecurityActionPort?wsdl</a>
Transform	<a href="https://apps.iam.psu.edu/Transform/services/TransformPort?wsdl">https://apps.iam.psu.edu/Transform/services/TransformPort?wsdl</a>
UserComment	<a href="https://apps.iam.psu.edu/UserComment/services/UserCommentPort?wsdl">https://apps.iam.psu.edu/UserComment/services/UserCommentPort?wsdl</a>
Userid	<a href="https://apps.iam.psu.edu/Userid/services/UseridPort?wsdl">https://apps.iam.psu.edu/Userid/services/UseridPort?wsdl</a>

## Code

Component	URL
CPR Core Code	<a href="https://iam.psu.edu/cpr_code/cpr_core/">https://iam.psu.edu/cpr_code/cpr_core/</a>
CPR Service Code	<a href="https://iam.psu.edu/cpr_code/services/">https://iam.psu.edu/cpr_code/services/</a>

## CPR Work Effort

Lifecycle Phase	Number of FTEs	Duration (months)
Requirements Gathering	2	10
Design	2	5
Implementation	3	15
Integration	2	?

## Futures

- RESTful Web Services
- GitHub or similar repository for the CPR source code.
- JIRA
- CPR Quickstart
- API Integration Points

## Contact and Community Information

- E-Mail: [iam@psu.edu](mailto:iam@psu.edu)
- Web Site: <https://iam.psu.edu/>
- Follow “PennStateIAM” on:
  - [Delicious](#)
  - [Twitter](#)
  - [YouTube](#)
  - [Facebook](#)